Worksheet #77

**Answers** 

1) 
$$c^2 = 45 - 15 = 30$$
,  $c = \sqrt{30}$ , eccentricity:  $\sqrt{30}/\sqrt{45} = \sqrt{(2/3)}$ 

'2) 
$$c^2 = 49 - 1 = 48$$
,  $c = \sqrt{48} = 4\sqrt{3}$ , eccentricity =  $(4\sqrt{3})/7$ 

3) 
$$4x^{2} - 16x + 9y^{2} - 36y = -16$$

$$4(x^{2} - 4x) + 9(y^{2} - 4y) = -16$$

$$4(x^{2} - 4x + 4) + 9(y^{2} - 4y + 4) = -16 + 16 + 36$$

$$4(x - 2)^{2} + 9(y - 2)^{2} = 36$$

$$(x - 2)^{2} + (y - 2)^{2} = 1$$

$$c^{2} = 9 - 4 = 5, c = \sqrt{5},$$

$$g$$

$$4$$
eccentricity =  $\sqrt{5}/3$ 

- 4) center: midpoint of foci: (h, k) =  $(\frac{1}{2}(-5 + -5), \frac{1}{2}(4 + -6))$  = (-5, -1), vertical, c = 5, eccentricity = 5/13, a = 13, 25 = 169  $b^2$ ,  $b^2$  = 144, equation:  $(x + 5)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 1$
- 5) center: (-8, 8), vertex: (2, 8) tells us that major axis is horizontal and a = 10, eccentricity =  $\sqrt{21}/5$  or to match:  $(2\sqrt{21})/10$ ,  $c = \sqrt{84}$ ,  $84 = 100 b^2$ ,  $b^2 = 16$ , equation:  $(x + 8)^2 + (y 8)^2 = 1$ 100 16
- 6) center: midpoint\*of vertices: (h, k) =  $(\frac{1}{2}(7 + 7), \frac{1}{2}(4 + -24))$  = (7, -10), major axis is vertical, a = 14,  $c = 7\sqrt{5}$ ,  $245 = 196 + b^2$ ,  $b^2 = 49$ , equation:  $(y + 10)^2 (x 7)^2 = 1$
- 7) from foci center is: (0, 10), transverse axis is horizontal,  $c = 6\sqrt{5}$ ,  $c^2 = 180$ , from asymptotes we know ratio of a:b is 2:1...  $180 = (2n)^2 + n^2$ ,  $180 = 5n^2$ , n = 6, a = 12, b = 6, equation:  $\frac{x^2}{144} \frac{(y 10)^2}{36} = 1$
- 8) circumference =  $8\pi$ , r = 4, equation:  $(x + 5)^2 + (y 12)^2 = 16$
- 9) with center on x-axis k from (h, k) = 0, h = median/mean of x = 7 and x = -13:  $\frac{1}{2}$ (7 + -13) = -3, center: (-3, 0), r = 10, equation: (x + 3)<sup>2</sup> + y<sup>2</sup> = 100
- 10) center: (0, 0), p = 3, 4p = 12, vertical, equation:  $12y = x^2$
- 11) center: (8, 9), directrix: x = 10, axis is horizontal, p = -2, 4p = -8, equation:  $-8(x 8) = (y 9)^2$