

Aim: How do we simplify complex fractions?

Do Now: 1. Add: $1 + \frac{1}{x}$

2. Subtract: $1 - \frac{1}{x}$

3. Simplify: $\frac{1 + \frac{1}{x}}{1 - \frac{1}{x}}$

HW: Worksheet

There are 2 methods to simplify complex fractions

We first need to simplified the numerator and denominator for both methods then do either one

Method 1: $\frac{\frac{a}{b}}{\frac{c}{d}} = \frac{a}{b} \div \frac{c}{d} = \frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{d}{c} = \frac{ad}{bc}$

Method 2: $\frac{\frac{a}{b}}{\frac{c}{d}} = \frac{ad}{bc}$

Method 1

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1 + \frac{1}{x}}{1 - \frac{1}{x}} &= \frac{\frac{x+1}{x}}{\frac{x-1}{x}} = \frac{x+1}{x} \div \frac{x-1}{x} \\ &= \frac{x+1}{\cancel{x}} \cdot \frac{\cancel{x}}{x-1} = \frac{x+1}{x-1} \end{aligned}$$

Method 2

$$\frac{1 + \frac{1}{x}}{1 - \frac{1}{x}} = \frac{\frac{x+1}{x}}{\frac{x-1}{x}} = \frac{\cancel{x}(x+1)}{\cancel{x}(x-1)} = \frac{x+1}{x-1}$$

1 to simplify complex fraction.

$$\frac{2 - \frac{5}{x}}{3 + \frac{1}{x}} = \frac{\frac{2x}{x} - \frac{5}{x}}{\frac{3x}{x} + \frac{1}{x}} = \frac{2x - 5}{3x + 1}$$

Simplify the numerator and denominator. (Step 1)

$$= \frac{2x - 5}{x} \div \frac{3x + 1}{x}$$

Write as a division problem.

$$= \frac{2x - 5}{\cancel{x}} \cdot \frac{\cancel{x}}{3x + 1}$$

Multiply by the reciprocal of $\frac{3x + 1}{x}$ (Step 2)

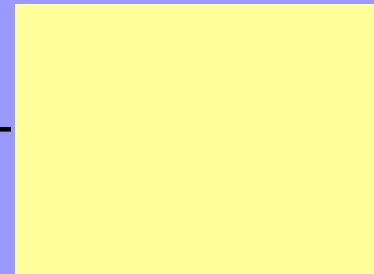
$$= \frac{2x - 5}{3x + 1}$$

Multiply and simplify. (Step 3)

Example: simplify the expression

$$\frac{\frac{x^2 + 5x + 6}{3xy}}{\frac{x^2 - 9}{6xy}} = \frac{x^2 + 5x + 6}{3xy} \div \frac{x^2 - 9}{6xy} =$$
$$\frac{x^2 + 5x + 6}{3xy} \cdot \frac{6xy}{x^2 - 9} =$$

$$\frac{(x+2)(\cancel{x+3}) \cdot \cancel{6}xy}{\cancel{3}xy \cdot (\cancel{x+3})(x-3)}$$



simplify complex fraction.

$$\frac{\frac{3}{x-1}}{\frac{4}{x^2-1}}$$

Method 1

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\frac{3}{x-1}}{\frac{4}{x^2-1}} &= \frac{\frac{3}{x-1}}{\frac{4}{(x-1)(x+1)}} \\ &= \frac{3}{x-1} \div \frac{4}{(x-1)(x+1)} \\ &= \frac{3}{\cancel{x-1}} \cdot \frac{\cancel{(x-1)}(x+1)}{4} \\ &= \frac{3(x+1)}{4} \end{aligned}$$

Method 2

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\frac{3}{x-1}}{\frac{4}{x^2-1}} &= \frac{\frac{3}{\cancel{x-1}}}{\frac{4}{(\cancel{x-1})(x+1)}} \\ &= \frac{3(x+1)}{4} \end{aligned}$$

Practice

Simplify.

$$1) \frac{\frac{x}{2} + \frac{x}{3}}{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$2) \frac{1 + \frac{1}{x}}{1 - \frac{1}{x^2}}$$

$$3) \frac{\frac{3}{(x+2)(2x-1)}}{\frac{x}{x+2}}$$